

Smoke inhalation causes a delayed increase in airway blood flow to primarily uninjured lung areas

Loick HM, Traber LD, Stothert JC, Herndon DN, Traber DL.
Intensive care medicine
1995; 21(4):326-333

ARTICLE IDENTIFIERS

DOI: unavailable
PMID: 7650255
PMCID: not available

JOURNAL IDENTIFIERS

LCCN: not available
pISSN: 0342-4642
eISSN: 1432-1238
OCLC ID: not available
CONS ID: not available
US National Library of Medicine ID: not available

This article was identified from a query of the SafetyLit database.